UNITED STA	ATES DISTRICT COURT for the	CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
Central District of California		FEB 2 4 2023
United States of America v.	) ) Case No. 8:23-00114 MJ	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA DEPUTY
Ira Booker  Defendant	)	

## ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon the

Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or

Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

## Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)

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A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met:
$\square$ (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
(a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
$\square$ (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
$\Box$ (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
$\square$ (d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or
$\Box$ (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:
(i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
(2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise
to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and
(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was
committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and
(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the
defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

Page 2 of 3
Significant family or other ties outside the United States
Lack of significant community or family ties to this district
☐ Lack of financially responsible sureties
Lack of stable residence
Track of stable employment
History of alcohol or substance abuse
History of violence or use of weapons
Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
Prior criminal history
Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong
n addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
the defendant's appearance as required.
By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
the safety of any other person and the community.
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, ne Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the
ОВ
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above.
C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(4),
$\square$ (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245,
imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
[4] an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of
or more is prescribed;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the committed one or more of the following offenses:
B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a

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AO 472 (Rev. 09/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial
Lack of legal status in the United States
Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
Use of alias(es) or false documents
Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:
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Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the

person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an

Autumn Spaeth

United States Magistrate Judge

appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

02/24/2023

Date: